Unit title: How did the achievements of the Ancient Maya impact their society and beyond?

1	**Where did the ancient Maya live?**
A	India, Pakistan, Nepal, China and Bangladesh.
B	Mexico, Belize, Guatemala, Honduras and El Salvador.
C	France, Britain, Italy, Germany and Spain.
D	Brazil, Bolivia, Argentina, Chile and Peru.

2	**The ancient Maya settled in...**
A	rainforests, surrounded by sea, quicksand, swamps and freshwater sinkholes.
B	hills, fields and woods, surrounded by other countries.
C	ice sheets covering mountains and valleys.
D	forests, surrounded by sea on all sides, marshes and countryside.

3	**What periods is the Maya civilisation split into?**
A	The Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age and the Romans.
B	The Plantagenets and the Tudors.
C	Pre-Classic, Classic, post-Classic and Spanish conquest.
D	The Classic period and the post-Classic period.

4	**How was the Maya civilisation governed?**
A	It was a representative democracy.
B	It was a direct democracy - the government was selected by the people.
C	It was an oligarchy where few people had power.
D	It was organised into independent city states ruled by kings.

5	**What challenges did the Maya face settling in the rainforest?**
A	Hot conditions, unstable sand and little shade.
B	Cold conditions, strong winds and the dangerous waves.
C	Droughts, communication issues and dangerous animals.
D	A lack of reliable electricity and poor wifi.

Name: Date:

KS2 Quiz

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6	**Who was the oldest god?**
A	Kukulkan.
B	Ixchel.
C	Chaac.
D	Itzamná.

7	**What buildings were found in Maya cities?**
A	Villas, churches, streets, baths, theatres and forums.
B	Temples, plazas, palaces, ball courts and observatory towers.
C	Flats, shops, train stations, offices and cinemas.
D	Huts, defensive walls and marketplaces.

8	**Which Maya cities were abandoned and declined at the end of the Classic period?**
A	Rio de Janeiro, Salvador and Manaus.
B	Chichen Itza, Uxmal and Mayapán.
C	London, Manchester, York and Birmingham.
D	Palenque, Copán, Tikal and Calakmul.

9	**Why did the Maya cities decline? Choose all that apply.**
A	Alexander the Great conquered them.
B	Nobody knows the exact reason.
C	Overpopulation, ending of trading routes and fighting.
D	They were taken over by the Roman Empire.

10	**Why was cacao important to the Ancient Maya?**
A	It was believed to be given by the god Kukulkan as a gift to humanity.
B	They made a chocolate drink from it, often used in their religious ceremonies.
C	It was used as currency for trade.
D	All of the above.